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this is a weak point of the study. Rest of the patients undergone major surgery. 60 and 36 had operation named cholecystectomy and others were of mastectomy, gastro-jejunostomy etc. The patients who were undergone major surgery had been suffering from acute or chronic stress. Age group was 30 to 60 yrs. 5 patients experienced mastectomy and 3 of them suffered from chronic stress in four yrs after surgery. 5 and 3 of the patients who were done cholecystectomy had been suffering from chronic stress among which 2 died from haemorrhagic stroke after 5 yrs of surgery. The patients other than post surgery who had been suffering from chronic stress experienced other causes of chronic stress.

From my (Neurologist) data I selected 200 post surgical patients of different age group. This group of patients merged with others (beginning from 2008) in 2010. 100 patients were undergone appendicectomy at the age of 8 to 11 yrs. During this study they were 12 to 15 yrs old. Other patients were adult. 50 were of 20 to 40 yrs age group and the rest of the samples were 41 to 60 yrs age group. All the adult patients were undergone major surgery. They got follow up visits for 2 yrs to the Surgeons. Then they were referred to me. About 8 patients of appendicectomy (12 to 15 yrs age group) faced chronic stress. Of course there had some other covariates i.e. poverty, social and environmental causes, child abuse etc. in every case. So it can be said that surgery is not the only cause of their stress. 7 of the age group 20 to 40 yrs suffered chronic stress in 4 yrs after surgery and 11 of the age group 41 to 60 yrs had been suffering from chronic stress in 3 yrs after surgery. Among these 11 patients 2 had experience of heart attack and 3 faced stroke after 5 yrs of surgery.

Result: 672 patients/samples were taken in account in the study from different source of data. Among them 659 patients were post surgical. 62 patients had been suffering from chronic stress in 4 yrs after surgery. And among them (mainly adult group) 15 patients experienced secondary health risk like stroke and heart attack the cause of which arising from their chronic stress.

Biography

Tarit Kanti Ghosh MSc, MBBS, born in 1968 is a renowned Neurologist in Bangladesh. Since the very childhood he was extraordinary talented i.e. he always stood as topper in the class. In secondary school certificate & higher secondary certificate public exam he was one of seven among about 400,000 students all over the country. Being a son of a doctor his ambition was to become a benevolent physician. Thereby, he completed his graduation from the then British recognized medical college in Dhaka, Bangladesh in 1993. Then he did post-graduation(MSc) in internal medicine & Neurology from United Kingdom. He accomplished "Leading edge neurology for the practising clinicians, 2014" course in University college of London, UK. Due to thirst of knowledge he is still studying in the university of Melbourne, Australia in the Specialist Certificate Course in Clinical Research Neuroscience.

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