

In Vivo Antimalarial Activity Evaluation of Crude Extract and Solvent Fractions of Cordia Africana (Lam.) (Boraginaceae) Leaves in Plasmodium berghei

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Abstract:

Malaria is a life threatening infectious disease caused by unicellular eukaryotic protozoan parasites belonging to the genus Plasmodium, which is a member of the Apicomplexaphylum. The disease remains a major worldwide public health problem leading to death of millions of people. In vivo antimalarial effects of various doses of Cordia Africana extract and solvent fractions were determined using the four-day suppressive test (both crude and fractions), as well as curative and chemo-prophylactic tests (crude extract). Acute toxicity test of the plant extract revealed that the medium lethal dose is higher than 2000 mg/kg. The crude extract of the plant exhibited a significant parasitemia suppression in the four-day suppressive (51.19%), curative (57.14%), and prophylactic (46.48%) tests at 600 mg/kg. The n-butanol fraction exhibited the highest chemosuppression (55.62%) at 400 mg/kg followed by the chloroform fraction (45.04%) at the same dose. The results of this study indicated that both the crude leaf extract and fractions of Cordiaafricanapossesses the antimalarial effect which supports the traditional claim of the plant. These findings thus help the scientific community to further investigate on the plant.

Biography:

DawitZewdu Wondafrash is pharmacist by profession and works as lecturer and researcher in Ayder comprehensive specialized hospital, Mekelle University, Ethiopia.

Recent Publications:

1. Dawit Zewdu Wondafrash, et al; Global, Regional, and National Cancer Incidence, Mortality, Years of Life Lost, Years Lived With Disability, and Disabili-



ty-Adjusted Life-Years for 29 Cancer Groups, 1990 to 2017,2019

- 2. Dawit Zewdu Wondafrash, et al; Global, regional, and national burden of stroke, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016,2019
- 3. Dawit Zewdu Wondafrash, et al; Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and mortality of HIV, 1980–2017, and forecasts to 2030, for 195 countries and territories: a systematic analysis for the ...,2019
- 4. Dawit Zewdu Wondafrash, et al; Mapping 123 million neonatal, infant and child deaths between 2000 and 2017,2019
- 5. Dawit Zewdu Wondafrash, et al; The global, regional, and national burden of cirrhosis by cause in 195 countries and territories, 1990–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017,2020

World Microbiology Summit; April 24, 2020; London, UK

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