



## IL-15 activates phosphodiesterase 4A and renders NK cells less susceptible to prostaglandin E2-mediated suppression

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### Abstract:

The persistence of NK-cells is limited by various immunosuppressive factors within solid tumor microenvironments including prostaglandin E2 (PGE2). We sought to investigate if activation by the type I cytokines IL-2 and IL-15 differ in their ability to render NK-cells resistant to PGE2-mediated suppression.

Cytokine-activated NK-cells were tested for their function and ability to infiltrate lung adenocarcinoma tumors in the presence of PGE2. Experimental finding was extended to the analysis of NK-cell infiltration in patients with lung adenocarcinoma and TCGA data analysis was performed to investigate differences in NK-cell gene expression in relation to Prostaglandin E Synthase (PTGES) expression. IL-15 enriched a subset of CD25<sup>+</sup>/CD54<sup>+</sup> NK-cells compared with IL-2 (52.6% vs 10.4%), superior mTOR activity ( $p < 0.05$ ) and activity of the cAMP hydrolysing enzyme phosphodiesterase 4A (PDE4A). This distinct population of NK-cells shows improved ability to form cell clusters. When exposed to PGE2, The CD25<sup>+</sup>/CD54<sup>+</sup> population maintained ability to kill K562 targets (6 time higher,  $p < 0.05$ ) compared with CD25<sup>-</sup>/CD54<sup>-</sup>, and to infiltrate lung adenocarcinoma 3D spheroids. In a cohort of patients ( $n=10$ ) with lung adenocarcinoma, the frequency of NK-cells (CD56<sup>+</sup>/CD3<sup>-</sup>) expressing CD54 is significantly higher in the central tumor compared with the invasive margin and normal tissue ( $p < 0.01$ ). Furthermore, PTGES affects the prognostic value of NK-cells where a high-NK cell gene signature is associated with sig-



nificantly improved overall survival in patients with high PTGES expression ( $p < 0.05$ ).

Our data uncover functional mechanisms used by IL-15 treated NK cells to persist in tumors and overcome the PGE2-mediate immune suppression, and strategies to selectively expand CD25<sup>+</sup>/CD54<sup>+</sup> NK cells for adoptive cell therapy should be considered.

### Biography:

Chen Ziqing is currently associated with Karolinska Institute, Sweden

### Recent Publications:

1. Neo, Shi Yong, Ying Yang, Ran Ma, Xinsong Chen, Ziqing Chen, Nicholas P. Tobin, Emily Blake et al. "CD73 Immune Checkpoint Defines Regulatory NK-cells within the Tumor Microenvironment." *The Journal of clinical investigation* (2019)

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