



## Exploring advances in the field of dementia research: A Psychoneurological Study in India

**Bajrangi Yadav**

*Kamla Nehru Institute (KNI), India*

### Abstract:

This research paper is advances in dementia research provides a comprehensive overview of Alzheimer’s dementia. This research also represents the association between the components of metabolic syndrome and Alzheimer’s disease. Vascular dementia associated with neurodegeneration and cognitive impairments is due to multiple complications of the neurovascular system. This research attempts to explore the recent advancements of enzyme me targets for the management of vascular dementia.

Dementia is the loss of cognitive functioning the ability to think, remember or reason to such an extent that it interferes with persons’s daily life and activities. These functions include memory, language skills, visual perception, problem solving, self-management and the ability to focus and pay attention. Dementia is not the same as age-related cognitive decline when certain areas of thinking, mamory, and information processing slow with age, but intelligence remains unchanged.

Alzheimer’s disease is the most common cause of dementia in older adults. In most neurogenerative diseases, certain proteins abnormally clump together and are throught to damage healthy neurons, causing them to stop functioning and die. Alzheimer’s is the most common cause of dementia, a general term for memory loss and other cognitive abilities serious enough to interfere with daily life. Alzheimer’s is not a normal part of aging. The greatest known risk factor is increasing age, and the majority of people with Alzheimer’s are 65 and older.

Current Alzheimer’s disease medications may temporarily improve symptoms or slow the rate of decline. These treatments can sometimes help people with Alzheimer’s disease maximise function and maintain independence for a time different problems and services can help support people with Alzheimer’s disease and their caregivers. There is no treatment that cures Alzheimer’s disease. Everyone has occasional memory lapses. It’s normal to loss track of where you put your keys or gorged the name of an acquainted with Alzheimer’s disease persists



and worsens, affecting the ability to function at work or at home. Symptoms of Alzheimer’s disease includes:-

- (i) Memory loss,
- (ii) Cognitive deficits,
- (iii) Problems with recognition,
- (iv) Problems with spatial awareness,
- (v) Problems with speaking, reading or writing,
- (vi) Personality or behaviour changes,

### Biography:

Bajrangi Yadav is an Assistant Professor of psychology, Department of Psychology in Kamla Nehru Institute (KNI), Sultanpur, U.P., India and life time international research member, Global Research Development Services (GRDS), GAHSSR, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

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