

## Editorial Announcement

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### Editorial

Journal of General Dentistry is a peer reviewed medical journal that publishes articles in a wide range of fields on like Endodontics, Orthodontics, Dental Implants, Prosthodontics, Restorative Dentistry, Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, Periodontics, Forensic Dentistry, Digital Dentistry, Minimal Intervention Dentistry etc and creates a platform for the authors to make their contribution towards the journal. The editorial office promises peer review of the submitted manuscripts for the quality of publishing.

Dentistry is one of the best open access journals that aims to publish the most complete and reliable source of information on discoveries and current developments in the mode of original articles, review articles, case reports, short communications, etc. in this field and provide online access without any restrictions or subscriptions to researchers worldwide. Editorial Journal of General Dentistry is a peer reviewed medical journal that publishes articles in a wide range of fields on like Endodontic, Orthodontics, Dental Implants, Prosthodontics, Restorative Dentistry, Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery, Periodontics, Forensic Dentistry, Digital Dentistry, Minimal Intervention Dentistry etc. and creates a platform for the authors to make their contribution towards the journal. The editorial office promises peer review of the submitted manuscripts for the quality of publishing. Journal of General Dentistry Dentistry, also known as dental medicine and oral medicine, is a branch of medicine that is concerned with the study, diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of diseases, disorders, and conditions of the oral cavity, commonly in the dentition but also the oral mucosa, and of adjacent and related structures and tissues, particularly in the maxillofacial (jaw and facial) area. Although primarily associated with teeth among the general public, the field of dentistry or dental

medicine is not limited to teeth but includes other aspects of the craniofacial complex including the temporomandibular joint and other supporting, muscular, lymphatic, nervous, vascular, and anatomical structures. Dental health or oral health is majorly concerned with your teeth, gums and mouth. The main goal is to prevent complications such as tooth decay (cavities) and gum disease and to maintain the overall health of your mouth. A healthy mouth that is free of infections, injuries and other problems with teeth and gums is important in maintaining overall oral health. Dental Education and Research: Dental education is university based with much of the formal clinical teaching in dental hospitals, often with some outreach programs to provide clinical experience in contrasting settings. Dental schools are traditionally staffed by academic teachers, assisted by part-time staff from clinical practice. Dental researchers within these institutions play important roles in contributing to knowledge as well as teaching. The seven domains of professional activity in the general practice of dentistry are as follows: Professionalism Communication and interpersonal skills. Knowledge base, information handling and critical thinking Clinical information gathering. Diagnosis and treatment planning Establishment and maintenance of oral health Health promotion. Dental research can be defined as formalized acquisition and investigation of subject matter related to dental profession. Tooth Anatomy, Decay & Care: Tooth, plural teeth, is any of the hard, resistant structures occurring on the jaws and in or around the mouth and pharynx areas of vertebrates. Teeth are used for catching and masticating food, for defense, and for other specialized purposes. Each tooth has 4 main parts, including: Enamel. The outer layer of the tooth and the hardest material in the body. Dent in the inner layer and the main part of the tooth, and the largest dental tissue. Pulp. Soft tissue on the inside of the tooth that contains the nerve, blood supply, and the ability to produce dentin. Root. The part of the tooth that secures it into the jaw. Tooth decay is damage that occurs to your teeth, which can potentially result in cavities, dental abscesses, or even tooth loss. It's caused by the activity of certain species of bacteria that can live in dental plaque.